

# THE FARMINGTON TIMES

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## "MY BROTHER'S KEEPER"

America today is standing on the threshold of a social and industrial upheaval that will leave in its wake the wreckage of a great number of long-cherished institutions, including such venerable idols as the survival of the fittest, the sacredness of accumulated wealth and cheap labor. The world that we have helped make safe for democracy includes the United States, and the sooner we let that fact sink in the easier will be consummation of the renaissance to come.

The day of individualism in America is over. Democracy, as we understand it, calls for the greatest good for the greatest number. The majority of our people are wage-earners, men of average brain power, men who desire nothing much beyond the ordinary comforts and necessities of life.

For many generations the Hohenzollerns, Hapsburgs and Romanoffs of wealth have reigned in America. A few men have been able to fix the wages of the multitude, dole out their food and assign them shelters. In a true democracy such a situation is inconceivable, and if we have not become a true democracy as a result of the war, then we have shed our blood in vain.

The adjustment in America will be accomplished without violence. Our people are too intelligent to assume that the torch and the headsman's ax are good reform arguments. The war has helped wonderfully. It has brought together in the same dugout Percival, the son of accumulated wealth, and Michael, the son of underpaid toil. Lying in the same wallow of mud, drinking from the same canteen and bothered by the same cooties, no doubt a community of interest has sprung up between them. Percival has discovered that Michael has some good points and Michael has found that even a rich man's son has a lot of decent traits. And it is the Michaels and the Percivals back from the war for democracy who will have the great part in shaping the new freedom for America.

The new era, to our mind, will not be one of socialism, as it is generally defined. It will be one of decency and fair play. It will assume such forms as these:

Private fortunes will be greatly curtailed, not by confiscation or by denying men the rewards of their brain and brawn, but by stamping out inflation and by keeping wages up to a level that will permit the worker to share equitably in the profits of his product.

All combinations to keep prices up by the withholding of food products or other essentials will be destroyed.

As between wages and profits, wages will always receive the first consideration.

Our weaker brothers, those injured in industry or incapacitated by old age, will be taken care of by pensions or State insurance.

Heavy inheritance taxes will return to the State part of the huge fortunes piled up under the old regime.

These are but a few of the changes we expect under the new order. If our democracy is to be of the enduring kind it must be one where the inhabitants will live in a spirit of co-operation, where the stronger will give of their strength to the weaker and where the men of great mental power will use their God-given faculties to help those whose only ability lies in their arms.

Under the new democracy there can be but one answer to the question Cain asked of God:

"Am I my brother's keeper?"—Republic.

President Wilson has decided to attend the peace conference, which will be held in France. Now there are some papers—those chance to be of Republican persuasion—who are attempting to criticize him for such decision. The reason for this is not difficult to discover. Such papers have in a way upheld the President during the progress of the war, largely because it was the one course left open to them. Their present position demonstrates that such action was forced.

Now, immediately after hostilities cease, they get busy with their pitchforks and attempt to stab him. By what right do they attempt to tell President Wilson what he should do? Has he not given sufficient demonstration of his ability to do and to speak for himself? If he believes that he can render good and efficient service to America by personally appearing in that conference, as his determination to attend such conference signifies, then what right has any true American to object? Remember that hereafter America is to be for the special use of Americans.

## 200,000 TONS OF U. S. FOOD CROSSING SEA

Washington, Nov. 19.—Ships carrying 200,000 tons of food for the populations of Northern France, Belgium and Austria now are en route to Europe. They are proceeding under sealed orders to Gibraltar and Bristol Channel ports, and on arrival will await word from Food Administrator Hoover as to their final destinations. Those going to Gibraltar are expected to proceed to Adriatic and Mediterranean ports, and the others to French and Belgium ports.

One of the last acts of Hoover before sailing last Saturday for Europe was to appoint a special shipping committee, headed by Theodore Whitmarsh of the Food Administration, to co-operate with the Shipping Board and the Commission for Relief in Belgium, in facilitating the shipment of food to the demoralized civilian populations in the countries devastated by war.

Neither the number of ships involved in the present movement, nor the proportion that would be diverted at Gibraltar for relief of Southern Europe and the near East could be learned at the Food Administration. It was stated that final arrangements for feeding the peoples freed from the yoke of German militarism is awaiting the arrival of Hoover in Europe and the result of his survey of the situation there.

The purpose of sending some of the ships now going to Gibraltar and others to the channel ports, it was explained, was to have immediately available at convenient ports supplies to ship quickly where Hoover finds the need to be the most urgent.

Officials here of the Commission for Relief in Belgium believe the destination of the ships on their way to Gibraltar is the port of Trieste. The ships now on their way are understood to be the first that have left American ports with food for countries other than Northern France and Belgium. It was said that more than 200,000 tons of food monthly will be required to relieve distress in Central Europe and the near East.

Increased shipments from American ports and the Argentine for the peoples of liberated Northern France and Belgium started several weeks ago. Austria's Situation Grave, Says Public Works Minister.

Vienna (via Basel, Switzerland), Nov. 19.—M. Zerbik, the Minister of Public Works, has asked the Austrian Foreign Minister to address a telegram to the Governments of the United States, Great Britain and France, showing the extremely critical situation in Austria concerning coal and food.

The Public Works Minister says there is no coal for the heating of houses, and that the supply for cooking will not last more than a week. Mills and bakeries will be compelled to close, he adds, within a few days.

No further coal supplies are available to keep the railways running, he says, and the gas and electricity services in Vienna cannot be kept going more than two or three weeks.

## DRY-CLEANING

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## DR. HANEY'S FATHER DIES

Jerry S. Haney, father of Dr. T. L. Haney who is County Health Physician and a prominent physician at Flat River, died at his home near Coffman last Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Deceased had reached the ripe age of 85 years, 1 month and 4 days. He is survived by his wife, eight children, forty-four grandchildren and six great-grandchildren. Funeral services were conducted at the home Saturday afternoon by Rev. W. E. Coffey.

A more detailed account will be found in the Coffman items in the "County Correspondence" in this issue.

Bert Wines, manager of the popular storage battery plant of this city has bought the interest of his former partner, Carl Thomsen. The plant will continue business at the old stand under the firm name of Wines & Son.

## THANKSGIVING IN 1918

More Cause for Real Thanks This Year Than Any Since Custom Is Established.

Not since the early days when our Pilgrim fathers created the Thanksgiving idea will the last Thursday in November mean so much to the American people as will the Thanksgiving Day of 1918.

With Austria vanquished, the unspeakable Turk unconditionally surrendered, and Bulgaria disarmed, and with Germany whipped to a frazzle and ready to capitulate, surely the whole civilized world will join in with America on this glad occasion.

But when we pause to think that the boys in khaki, more than 2,000,000 of them, are on foreign soil fighting your battles and mine, unselfishly, fighting that democracy may live all over the earth, is there not something we owe the brave Americans?

Secretary Baker says the seven great organizations comprising the United War Work Campaign looking after our soldiers over there deserve every aid. President Wilson appeals to a generous people for generous donations Nov. 11-18.

Don't you think you turkey will taste better Thanksgiving Day if you send cheer to our boys over there? Let's get behind this great movement and let our boys know that we are proud of them and appreciate their sacrifices.

## WORLD-WIDE GERMAN PEACE PROPAGANDA CENTERS IN U. S.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Government agents see evidences that German propaganda machinery in the United States is being put in working order again to promote sentiments of leniency toward Germany for effect on the peace terms. A concerted movement is apparent, officials said today, in utterances of many individuals, a few organizations formerly active for German interests, and some newspapers.

The interest of the Government agents combating enemy propaganda at this time is not to suppress free expression of opinion, it is explained, but to fight any concert of propagandists whose purpose would be to confound the authorized spokesmen of the nation in forthcoming peace negotiations.

It is stated that Department of Justice agents have obtained the internment of some Germans since the armistice was signed a week ago.

Official reports show German representatives in various parts of the world still actively engaged in spreading propaganda to create and enhance feelings of hostility toward the United States and the allied countries. Eckhardt, the notorious German Ambassador at Mexico City, again is reported doing his utmost to make Mexico hostile to the United States, and is able to have misleading articles published in the semi-official Mexican papers. Recently he had published throughout Mexico that the German army had not been defeated and that the German navy was still fighting the allied navies.

## LIVE STOCK MARKET

National Stock Yards, Nov. 19, 1918.  
Cattle ..... 6,000  
Hogs ..... 11,500  
Sheep ..... 4,000

CATTLE.—Much needed improvement in values has taken place this week; thanks to moderate marketing and the general good outlet that has existed on all accounts. To make a long story short, all classes of steers, regardless of whether stockers and feeders, or for killers, has shown an advance of fully 50c per cwt., compared with the low time of last week, while cows, heifers, mixed stuff, including canners, show a general improvement of \$1 per cwt., compared with the same time. What a difference the market has shown this week. It has been no trouble whatever to effect a clearance of the supply, while last week it was almost impossible to turn a wheel, especially at the latter end, unless some sort of a concession was accorded, either price or sorting of the offerings, and at that time a noticeable feature was the fact that hardly any outlet could be had for common and plain quality light weight steers for country purposes, most of such offerings having to sell to the packers for canners, whereas this week packers were unable to touch that class of stuff, owing to the aggression in the outlet among stocker buyers.

Prospects are very encouraging for a good market to continue the balance of the week, but, of course, what next week's results bring forth will depend naturally upon what effect the present week's advance has upon the country at large, in its desire to liquidate the holdings.

HOGS.—When the Food Administration, in behalf of the Federal Government, decided to extend the minimum average daily costs of packers' droves, based at \$17.50 Chicago cost, with an allowance of a differential of 10c per cwt., meaning \$17.40 for the St. Louis market, for the average daily cost of packers' droves, to extend throughout the month of December, as well as November, it was an outcome that will, without a question of doubt, exert considerable influence in creating confidence upon the part of the country in eliminating their desire to rid feed lots of its holdings, especially of the immature and light swine. With the average price being set for December, it means a market of stability, and one upon which feeders and dealers can look forward with certainty, and toward a dependable market, and it likewise will be the means of stimulating countrymen to hold back their pigs and light weight hogs until they can be matured into better flesh and weights, before they are placed upon the market. It is very essential that this be done, because with packers being able to secure a fair supply of good hogs with their cost not averaging less than \$17.40, they naturally cannot buy the light stuff, because it would throw their average daily buy under the minimum, against the rules and regulations of the Food Administration, and the result of this has been that owing to the tremendous big proportion of hogs and pigs upon the market weighing less than 160 pounds, that there has been a glut, and offerings had to either be sacrificed in price at the outset, or layed around the pens until they became sick, and the inevitable took place—the disposal of the offerings at the price that was everything but satisfactory.

The general market this week averages up just about as high as it was the corresponding time a week ago, today's general top being \$17.85, though a scratch sale to an outside buyer was made at \$18, which serves as no criterion upon which to judge the trade.

SHEEP.—Supply has been moderate this week, and this has served to stimulate the market to considerable extent. Lambs show a net advance of fully 50c per cwt., compared with a week ago, best grades now bringing \$15.75; though fat sheep at \$9 is steady. However, compared with the low time of late last week, the lamb market is fully 75c per cwt. higher and sheep 50c higher. Prospects are encouraging enough, provided receipts do not become burdensome.

## National Live Stock Com. Co.

A subscription to The Times

All the news—\$1.50 the year will help you thro the year



# APPROPRIATE PRESENTS

## Tetley Jewelry Company

Extends to all Christmas Shoppers a cordial invitation to visit their store where all are assured a hearty welcome.

There you will find a large and splendid line of Jewelry, the display of which will afford many valuable gift suggestions, for young, older and oldest—male or female—for rich, medium or poor—something suitable for everyone.

There is nothing more adapted for a Christmas present, for anyone, than a suitable piece of Jewelry; nor is there anything that will cause the recipient more pleasant thoughts of the donor than a valued piece of Jewelry—valuable for the pleasant recollections it is constantly calling forth—not necessarily that the purchase price was high.

Besides a complete line of Jewelry, including Watches, Clocks, Etc., which we offer at a small margin of profit, we carry a large assortment of Cut Glass, the best Silk Umbrellas, Violins, Guitars and smaller Musical Instruments.

## What would make a more suitable or appreciated CHRISTMAS PRESENT

for wife, husband, sister, brother, uncle, aunt, sweetheart or friend than can be found in our establishment? When doing your Christmas shopping you should not fail to favor us with a call. We will appreciate it, and believe we can make it to your interest.

Yours for an enjoyable Christmas season.

## Tetley Jewelry Company

Over fifty years in business in Farmington

## NO. 860. OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION of the Bank of Farmington

at Farmington, State of Missouri, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1918, published in The Farmington Times, a newspaper printed and published at Farmington, State of Missouri, on the 22nd day of November, 1918:

Resources	
Loans and discounts, undoubtedly good on personal or collateral.....	\$356,852.93
Loans, real estate.....	269,594.60
Overdrafts.....	625.11
Bonds and stocks.....	138,050.00
Real estate (banking house).....	9,000.00
Other real estate.....	23,994.57
Due from other banks and bankers subject to check.....	125,383.86
Currency.....	16,989.00
Specie.....	1,445.87
Other resources as follows:	
Exchange in transit.....	1,453.86
Total.....	\$943,389.80

Liabilities	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund.....	50,000.00
Undivided profits, net.....	53,611.60
Individual deposits subject to check.....	434,436.53
Time certificates of deposit.....	305,341.67
Bills payable and rediscounts.....	50,000.00
Total.....	\$943,389.80

State of Missouri, County of St. Francois, ss.  
We, W. M. Harlan as president, and M. P. Cayce as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. M. HARLAN, President.  
M. P. CAYCE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 19th day of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring September 24, 1919.)

J. P. CAYCE, Notary Public.  
Correct-Attest:  
W. R. LANG,  
W. F. DOSS,  
PETER GIESING,  
Directors.

Ryan, the colored brother—yes, his name is Ryan, and also he is colored—who was elected to the State Legislature at the recent election, and was also counted out, should be seated in that body, if right is to prevail. He should also be seated as near the center of the Republican side of that body as is possible. The Republicans have "fooled" the negro voter long enough, and they should now be forced to pay after the goods have been delivered.

## No. 1255. OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION of the Farmer's Bank

at Farmington, State of Missouri, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1918, published in The Farmington Times, a newspaper printed and published at Farmington, State of Missouri, on the 22nd day of November, 1918:

Resources	
Loans and discounts, undoubtedly good on personal or collateral.....	\$238,238.15
Loans, real estate.....	52,317.91
Overdrafts.....	687.96
Bonds and stocks.....	75,050.00
Real estate (banking house).....	19,500.00
Furniture and fixtures.....	1,400.00
Due from other banks and bankers subject to check.....	96,778.45
Cash items.....	5,145.39
Currency.....	10,182.00
Specie.....	854.93
Other resources as follows:	
War Savings Stamps.....	30.35
Total.....	\$500,185.14

Liabilities	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$35,000.00
Surplus fund.....	20,000.00
Undivided profits, net.....	1,374.14
Due to banks and bankers subject to check.....	2,440.51
Individual deposits subject to check.....	251,647.60
Time certificates of deposit.....	153,161.47
Cashier's checks.....	6,975.73
Other liabilities as follows:	
Security sold with agreement to repurchase.....	11,221.10
Reserved for interest.....	564.59
Capital stock increase.....	17,800.00
Total.....	\$500,185.14

State of Missouri, County of St. Francois, ss.  
We, P. A. Shaw as president, and L. H. Williams as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

P. A. SHAW, President.  
L. H. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 20th day of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring May 23, 1921.)

OSCAR L. HAILE, Notary Public.  
Correct-Attest:  
W. L. HENSLEY,  
W. C. FISCHER,  
E. J. MCKINNEY,  
Directors.

Germany's losses in the war are placed at 1,580,000 killed and 4,000,000 wounded, many of them wounded several times. Germany boasted that their nation was one of super-men, but super-men or no super-men, over one and a half million of them are now sleeping 'neath the sod.

## No. 982. OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION of the St. Francois County Bank

at Farmington, State of Missouri, at the close of business on the 14th day of November, 1918, published in The Farmington Times, a newspaper printed and published at Farmington, State of Missouri, on the 22nd day of November, 1918:

Resources	
Loans and discounts, undoubtedly good on personal or collateral.....	\$98,244.84
Loans, real estate.....	43,750.58
Overdrafts.....	139.73
Bonds and stocks.....	24,200.00
Real estate (banking house).....	8,465.00
Other real estate.....	8,235.04
Furniture and fixtures.....	750.00
Due from other banks and bankers subject to check.....	5,754.74
Cash items.....	434.31
Currency.....	1,087.00
Specie.....	977.39
Other resources as follows:	
St. Francois County (Mo.) Warrants.....	21,914.13
War Savings Stamps.....	170.42
Total.....	\$214,121.18

Liabilities	
Capital stock paid in.....	\$20,000.00
Surplus fund.....	6,000.00
Undivided profits, net.....	801.54
Individual deposits subject to check.....	90,161.83
Time certificates of deposit.....	68,556.81
Cashier's checks.....	1.00
Bills payable and rediscounts.....	25,000.00
Other liabilities as follows:	
Deferred payment Liberty Bonds.....	3,600.00
Total.....	\$214,121.18

State of Missouri, County of St. Francois, ss.  
We, W. T. Haile as president, and R. L. Allen as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. T. HAILE, President.  
R. L. ALLEN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of Nov., A. D. nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring January 9, 1919.)

W. N. FLEMING, Notary Public.  
Correct-Attest:  
S. J. TETLEY,  
THOS. H. STAM,  
ED. HELBER,  
Directors.

THANKSGIVING-DAY SERVICE. Union Thanksgiving-Day service will be held at the M. E. Church, South, next Thursday at ten o'clock. Sermon will be preached by Rev. J. M. Bailey of the Christian church. Offering will be for charitable purposes.

Let's have a great Thanksgiving Day. Let's have a great Thanksgiving Day. Let's have a great Thanksgiving Day.

MINISTRIAL ALLIANCE